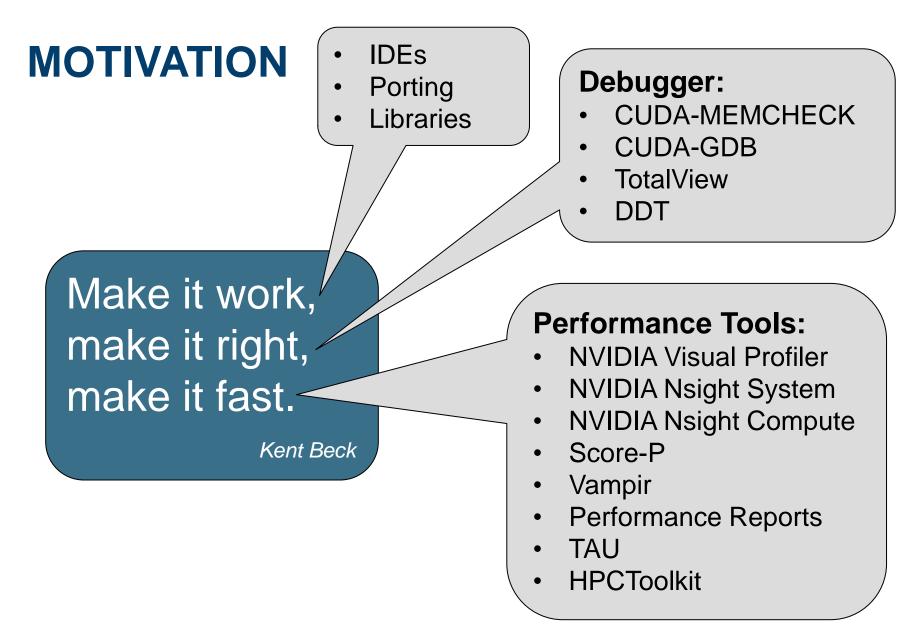


TOOLS FOR GPU COMPUTING

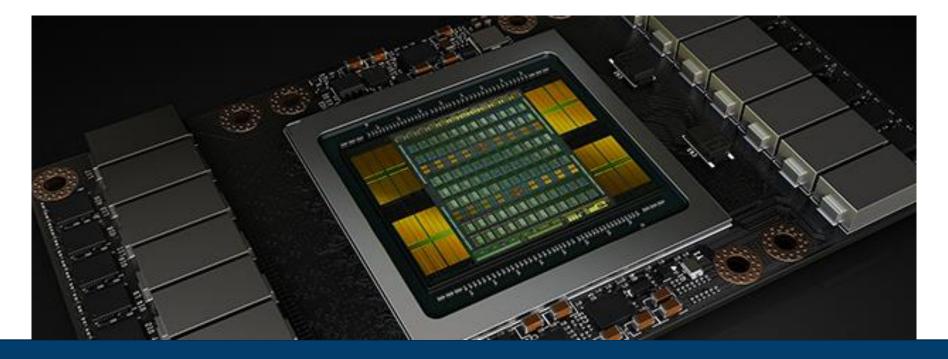
With focus on NVIDIA GPUs

03.12.2019 | MICHAEL KNOBLOCH









GPU PROGRAMMING MODELS CURRENT STATE OF THE MESS



TRADITIONAL HPC

• Inter-node:

• MPI

• Intra-node:

- OpenMP
- Pthreads

• C/C++ and Fortran



MODERN HPC

• Inter-node:

- MPI
- PGAS (SHMEM, GASPI, ...)

• Intra-node:

- OpenMP
- Pthreads
- Tasking, C++11 threads, TBB, ...
- C/C++, Fortran and Python



GPU PROGRAMMING

• Low-level:

- CUDA (NVIDIA), ROCm (AMD)
- OpenCL

• Pragma-based:

- OpenACC
- OpenMP target
- On top: SYCL, oneAPI, HIP, KOKKOS, ...



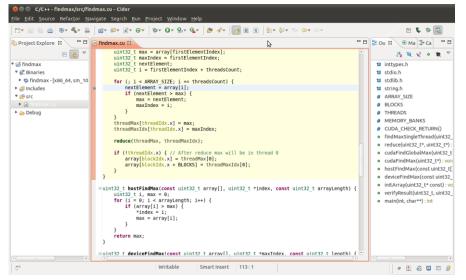


MAKE IT WORK DEVELOPMENT OF GPU APPS



Integrated Development Environment

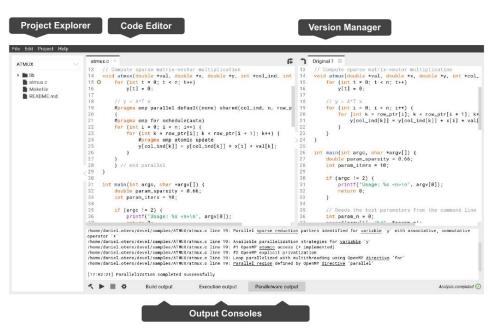
- Integrates Editor, Build system, Debugger, and Profiler
- NVIDIA Nsight (Linux: Eclipse, Windows: Visual Studio)
- Nsight Code Editor
 - CUDA aware code completion and inline help
 - CUDA code highlighting
 - CUDA aware refactoring



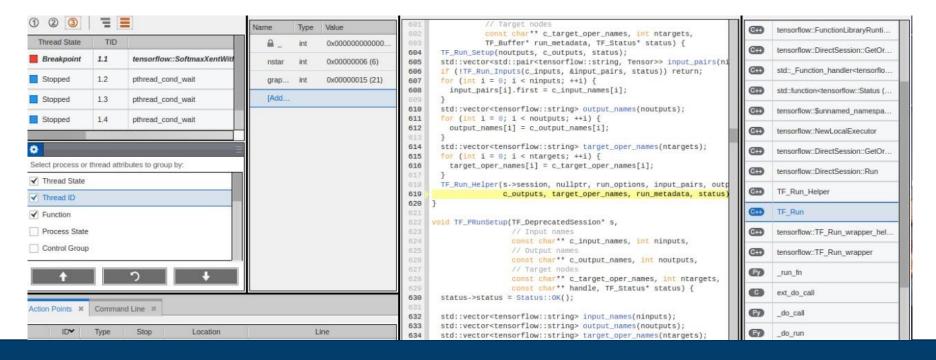


PORTING

- Several tools exist helping expose parallelism
- Example: Appentra Parallelware Trainer
 - Identifies parallelizable sections in sequential applications
 - Supports OpenMP and OpenACC
 - Supports versioning of changes
 - Start program directly from GUI



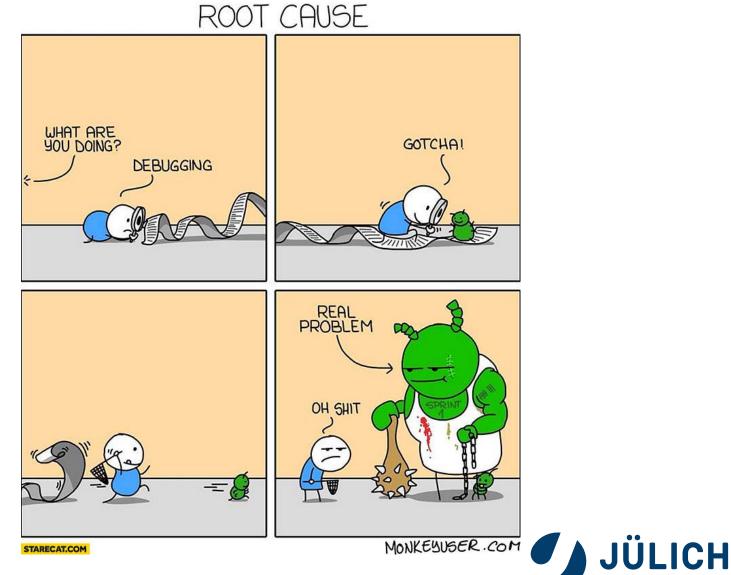




MAKE IT RIGHT DEBUGGER AND MEMORY ANALYZER



DEBUGGING – A PAINFUL PROCESS



Forschungszentrum

TOOL COMPATIBILITY MATRIX

ΤοοΙ	CUDA	OpenACC	OMPD	OpenCL
CUDA- MEMCHECK	✓	(×)	×	×
CUDA-GDB	\checkmark	(*)	×	×
TotalView	✓	\checkmark	(*)	×
DDT	\checkmark	\checkmark	×	×



CUDA-MEMCHECK



- Valgrind for GPUs
- Monitors hundreds of thousands of threads running concurrently on each GPU
- Reports detailed information about global, local, and shared memory access errors (e.g. out-of-bounds, misaligned memory accesses)
- Reports runtime executions errors (e.g. stack overflows, illegal instructions)
- Reports detailed information about potential race conditions
- Displays stack back-traces on host and device for errors
- And much more
- Included in the CUDA Toolkit

🗯 Applications Places System 🕹 🔤 😨 📰

```
<u>File Edit ⊻iew Terminal Help</u>
linux64:~/demo2010$ ./ptrchecktest
unspecified launch failure : 79
linux64:~/demo2010$ cuda-memcheck ./ptrchecktest
======= CUDA-MEMCHECK
unspecified launch failure : 79
======= Invalid global read of size 4
             at 0x00000158 in ptrchecktest.cu:27:kernel2
             by thread (0,0,0) in block (0,0)
             Address Oxfd00000001 is misaligned
======== ERROR SUMMARY: 1 error
linux64:~/demo2010$ cuda-memcheck --continue ./ptrchecktest
======= CUDA-MEMCHECK
Checking...
Done
Checking ...
Error: 3 (0)
Done
Checking...
Error: 1 (0)
Error: 3 (0)
Error: 5 (0)
Error: 7 (0)
Done
======= Invalid global read of size 4
             at 0x00000158 in ptrchecktest.cu:27:kernel2
by thread (0,0,0) in block (0,0)
             Address Oxfd00000001 is misaligned
______
======= Invalid __global__ read of size 4
             at 0x00000198 in ptrchecktest.cu:18:kernel1
             by thread (3.0.0) in block (5.0)
             Address Oxfd00000028 is out of bounds
______
______
======= Invalid __global __write of size 8
             at 0x000001d0 in ptrchecktest.cu:38:kernel3
______
             by thread (1,0,0) in block (8,0)
______
             Address Oxfd00000204 is misaligned
______
-------
======= Invalid __global__ write of size 4
             at 0x000000f0 in ptrchecktest.cu:44:kernel4
_______
             by thread (63,0,0) in block (22,0)
______
             Address 0x00000000 is out of bounds
______
======= ERROR SUMMARY: 4 errors
```



CUDA-GDB



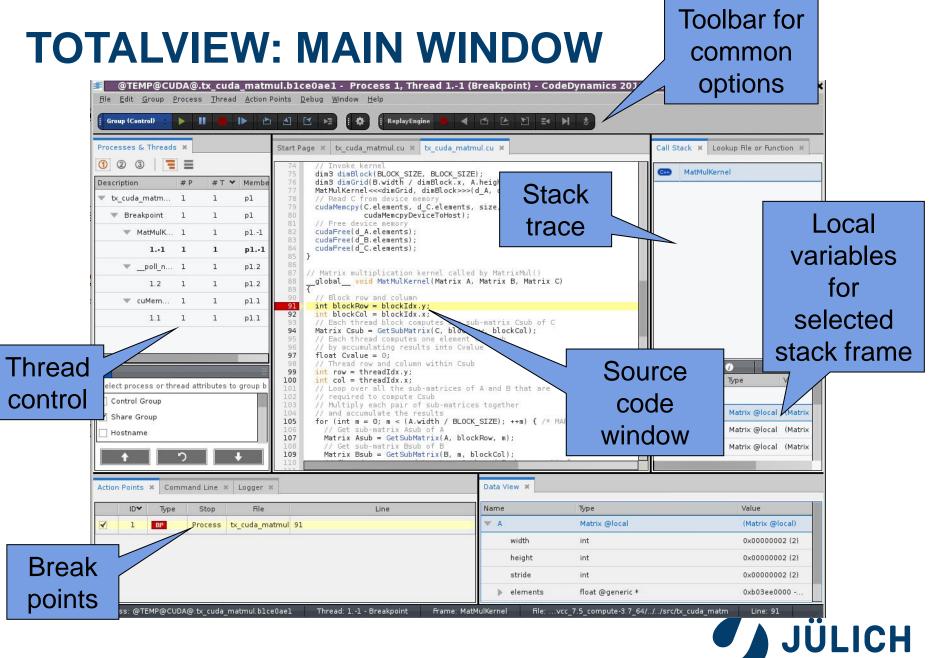
- Extension to gdb
- CLI and GUI (Nsight)
- Simultaneously debug on the CPU and multiple GPUs
- Use conditional breakpoints or break automatically on every kernel launch
- Can examine variables, read/write memory and registers and inspect the GPU state when the application is suspended
- Identify memory access violations
 - Run CUDA-MEMCHECK in integrated mode to detect precise exceptions.

🅸 Debug 🛿 🥀 👘 🔽 🗖 🗖	(×)= Varia	ibles 💁 Brea	kpoints 🕅 CUDA	ដ 🛋 Modules 🗧
▼ 🗊 vectorAdd {0} [device: gk110 (0)] (Breakpoint)				1 🖻 🛓
CUDA Thread (0,0,0) Block (0,0,0)		O Search	CUDA Information	
CUDA Thread (1,0,0) Block (0,0,0)			1	1
▼ <a>Ill CUDA Threads	▼ 🎲 ((SM 11	256 threads of 256 are run
▼ 🍓 Block (0,0,0) [sm: 11]	🧳 (0,0,0)		Warp 0 Lane 0	vectorAdd.cu:36 (0x9a653
© CUDA Thread (0,0,0) [warp: 0 lane: 0] (vectorAdd.cu:36)	¢.	(1,0,0)	Warp 0 Lane 1	vectorAdd.cu:36 (0x9a65)
ه vectorAdd.cu ک	- 0	E Outline	배 Registers 없	ఓ ಈ ⊟ 📑 🖻 ་ ་
32 VECTOTAUU(CONST FLOAT *A, CONST FLOAT *D, FLOAT *C, INC 33 {		Name	T(0,0,0)B(0,0,0) T(1,0,0)B(0,0,0)
<pre>34 int i = blockDim.x * blockIdx.x + threadIdx.x;</pre>		1811 R5	4	4
35	0	illi R6	3149824	3149824
36 if (i < numElements)		1910 R7	4	4
C[i] = A[i] + B[i];		1910 R8	0	1
39 } 40 }		1819 R9	0	1
40 }	, in the second se	### R10	1060608	-271911904
1 m ~ 2 m m (((•	1818 R11	0	2
📮 Console 🕱 🖉 Tasks 🔝 Problems 🚺 Executables 🔋 Memory				📰 🛃 🖳 🔻 😭 🔻 🖻
<pre>vectorAdd [C/C++ Application] gdb traces 8x4080308009", f,name="rnumElemeni d.cu",fullname="/home/eostroukhov/cuda-workspace/vectorAdd/srv 470,340 (gdb) 470,340 (gdb) 470,340 (gdb) 470,340 (gdb) 470,340 (sa^done, register-values=[{number="15",value="0%]} 470,340 (gdb) *C</pre>				rAd\



- UNIX Symbolic Debugger for C/C++, Fortran, Python, PGI HPF, assembler programs
- JSC's "standard" debugger
- Special, non-traditional features
 - Multi-process and multi-threaded
 - Multi-dimensional array data visualization
 - Support for parallel debugging (MPI: automatic attach, message queues, OpenMP, Pthreads)
 - Scripting and batch debugging
 - Advanced memory debugging
 - CUDA and OpenACC support
- http://www.roguewave.com
- NOTE: JSC license limited to 2048 processes (shared between all users)



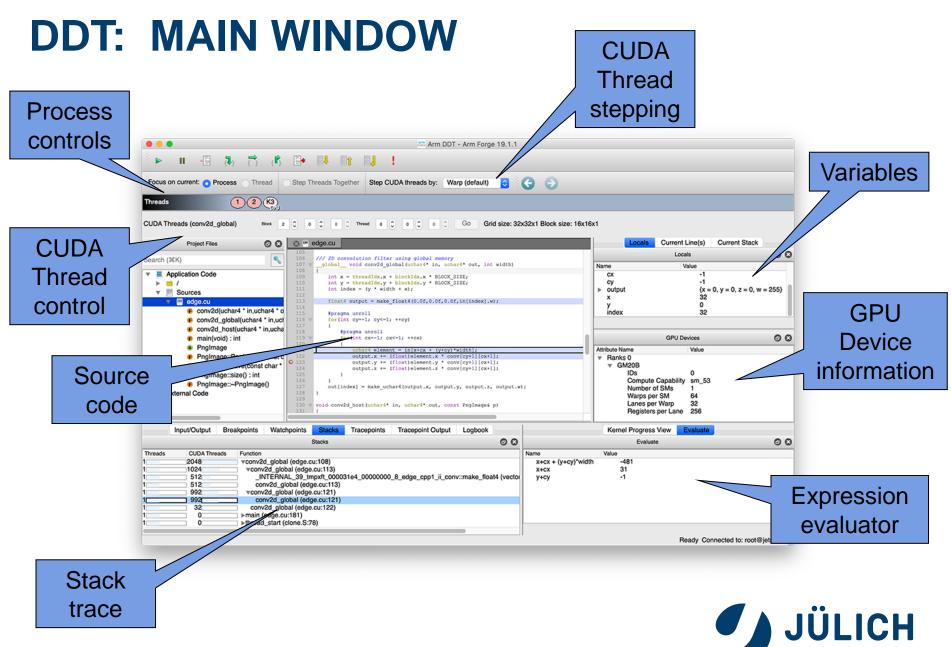


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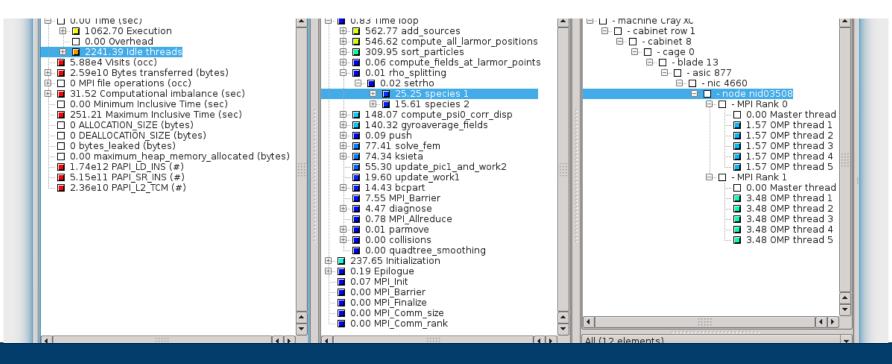
DDT GRGE

- UNIX Graphical Debugger for C/C++, Fortran, and Python programs
- Modern, easy-to-use debugger
- Special, non-traditional features
 - Multi-process and multi-threaded
 - Multi-dimesional array data visualization
 - Support for MPI parallel debugging (automatic attach, message queues)
 - Support for OpenMP (Version 2.x and later)
 - Support for CUDA and OpenACC
 - Job submission from within debugger
- https://developer.arm.com
- NOTE: JSC license limited to 64 processes (shared between all users)





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MAKE IT FAST PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS TOOLS



TOOL COMPATIBILITY MATRIX

ΤοοΙ	CUDA	OpenACC	OMPT	OpenCL
Score-P	✓	\checkmark	(×)	\checkmark
NVIDIA Tools	\checkmark	\checkmark	×	×
Perf. Reports	✓	(*)	×	×
TAU	\checkmark	\checkmark	(*)	\checkmark
HPCToolkit	✓	×	(*)	×



ARM PERFORMANCE REPORTS



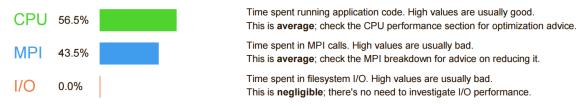
- Single page report provides quick overview of performance issues
- Works on unmodified, optimized executables
- Shows CPU, GPU, memory, network and I/O utilization
- Supports MPI, multi-threading and accelerators
- Saves data in HTML, CVS or text form
- <u>https://www.arm.com/products/development-tools/server-and-hpc/performance-reports</u>
- Note: JSC license limited to 512 processes (with unlimited number of threads)



EXAMPLE PERFORMANCE REPORTS

Summary: cp2k.popt is CPU-bound in this configuration

The total wallclock time was spent as follows:



This application run was CPU-bound. A breakdown of this time and advice for investigating further is in the CPU section below.

CPU

A breakdown of how the 56.5% total CPU time was spent:



The per-core performance is memory-bound. Use a profiler to identify time-consuming loops and check their cache performance.

Little time is spent in vectorized instructions. Check the compiler's vectorization advice to see why key loops could not be vectorized.

I/O

A breakdown of how the 0.0% total I/O time was spent:

Time in reads	0.0%	
Time in writes	0.0%	1

Estimated read rate 0 bytes/s

Estimated write rate 0 bytes/s

No time is spent in I/O operations. There's nothing to optimize here!

MPI

or the role / total time opent in this round.			
Time in collective calls	8.2%	1.00	
Time in point-to-point calls	91.8%		
Estimated collective rate	169 Mb/s		
Estimated point-to-point rate	50.6 Mb/s		

Of the 43 5% total time spent in MPI calls:

The point-to-point transfer rate is low. This can be caused by inefficient message sizes, such as many small messages, or by imbalanced workloads causing processes to wait. Use an MPI profiler to identify the problematic calls and ranks.

Memory

Per-process memory usage may also affect scaling:

Mean process memory usage	82.5 Mb	
Peak process memory usage	89.3 Mb	
Peak node memory usage	7.4%	1

The peak node memory usage is low. You may be able to reduce the total number of CPU hours used by running with fewer MPI processes and more data on each process.



PERFORMANCE REPORTS ACCERLERATOR

Accelerators

A breakdown of how accelerators were used:

GPU utilization	47.8%	
Global memory accesses	1.6%	
Mean GPU memory usage	0.8%	
Peak GPU memory usage	0.8%	

GPU utilization is low; identify CPU bottlenecks with a profiler and offload them to the accelerator.

The peak GPU memory usage is low. It may be more efficient to offload a larger portion of the dataset to each device.

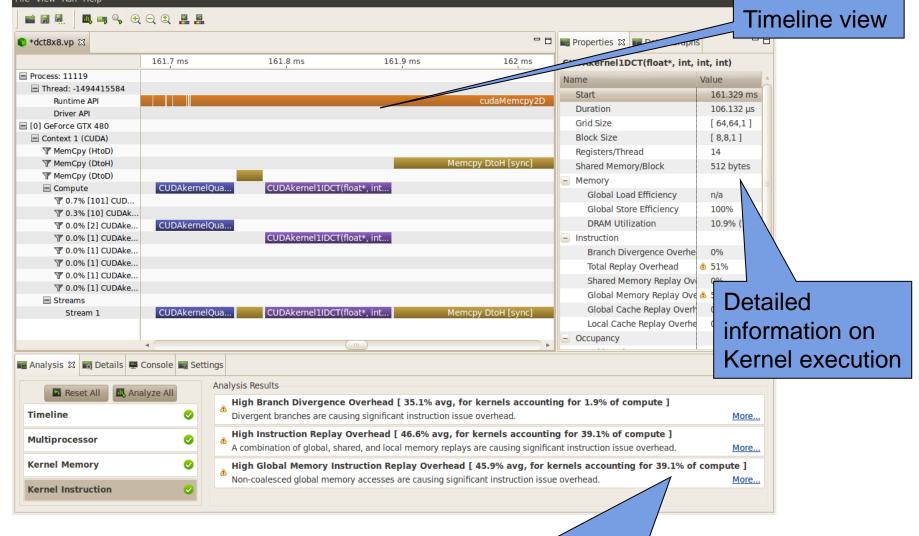


NVIDIA VISUAL PROFILER

- Part of the CUDA Toolkit
- Supports all CUDA enabled GPUs
- Supports CUDA and OpenACC on Windows, OS X and Linux
- Unified CPU and GPU Timeline
- CUDA API trace
 - Memory transfers, kernel launches, and other API functions
- Automated performance analysis
 - Identify performance bottlenecks and get optimization suggestions
- Guided Application Analysis
- Power, thermal, and clock profiling



NVIDIA VISUAL PROFILER · EXAMPLE

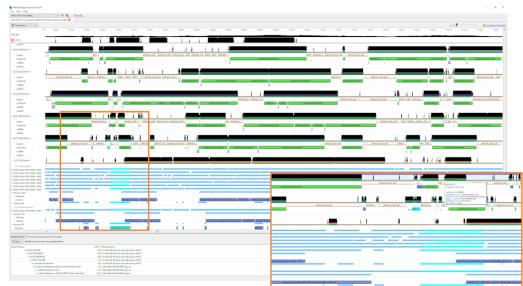


Automatic analysis of performance bottlenecks

um

NVIDIA NSIGHT SYSTEMS

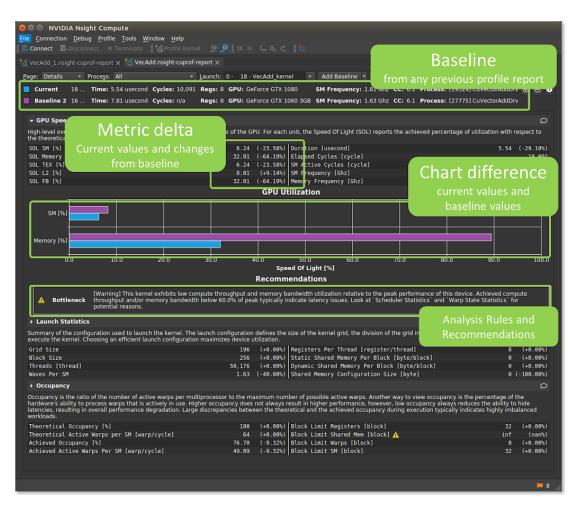
- System wide performance analysis tool
- High-level, low overhead
- Similar functionality as NVVP
 - No automated/guided analysis
 - Can launch Nsight Compute for in-depth kernel analysis
- CLI and GUI





NVIDIA NSIGHT COMPUTE

- Interactive kernel profiler
- Detailed performance metrics
- Guided analysis
- Baseline feature to compare versions
- Customizable and data-driven UI
- Supports analysis scripts for post-processing results
- CLI and GUI





SCORE-P

Community instrumentation and measurement infrastructure



UNIVERSITY OF OREGON

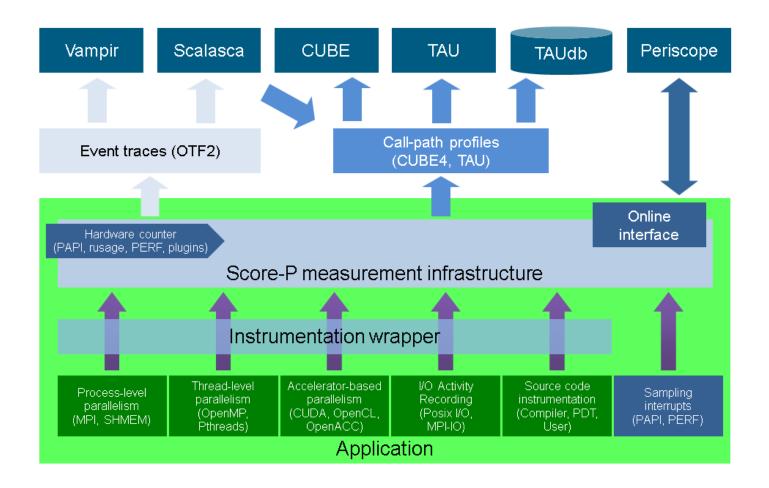
 Developed by a consortium of performance tool groups



- Next generation measurement system of
 - Scalasca 2.x
 - Vampir
 - TAU
 - Periscope
- Common data formats improve tool interoperability
- http://www.score-p.org



SCORE-P OVERVIEW



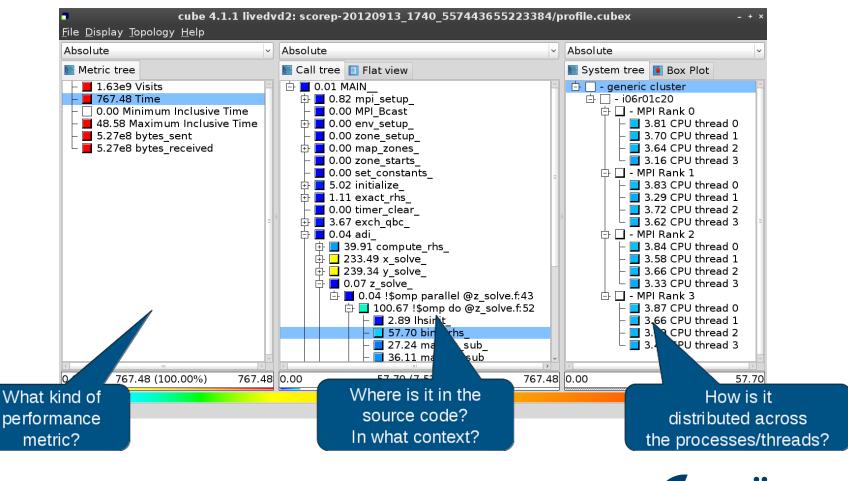


SCORE-P GPU MEASUREMENTS

- OpenACC
 - Prefix compiler and linker command with scorep --openacc
 - export ACC_PROFLIB=\$SCOREP_ROOT/lib/libscorep_adapter_openacc_event.so
 - export SCOREP_OPENACC_ENABLE=yes
 - yes refers to: regions, wait, enqueue
 - Full list of options in User Guide
- CUDA
 - Prefix compiler and linker command with scorep --cuda
 - export SCOREP_CUDA_ENABLE=yes
 - yes refers to: runtime, kernel, memcpy
 - Full list of options in User Guide
- OpenCL similar (use SCOREP_OPENCL_ENABLE=yes)



CUBE OVERVIEW



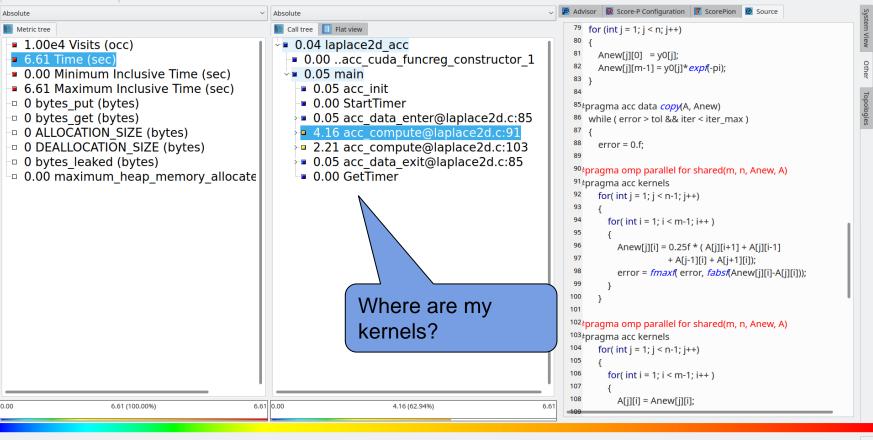


EXAMPLE: OPENACC

 File
 Display
 Plugins
 Help

 Synchronize state of ...
 Save Settings
 Delete Settings

 Absolute
 V
 Absolute



Pure OpenACC measurements give host-side events only



EXAMPLE: OPENACC + CUDA

Synchronize state of ... 📑 💽 Restore Setting V Save Settings Delete Settings Absolute Absolute Absolute 🔚 Call tree 📘 Flat view Metric tree System tree 🚺 Statistics 🚺 Sunburst • 0.05 laplace2d acc 1.30e4 Visits (occ) 0.00 machine Linux 0.00 ..acc cuda funcreg constructor 1 11.47 Time (sec) └-□ 0.00 node zam098 Other Topologi 0.00 Minimum Inclusive Time (sec) ↓■ 0.03 main └─□ 0.00 Process 0.09 acc init 5.86 Maximum Inclusive Time (sec) 3.62 Master thread 0 bytes put (bytes) 0.00 StartTimer 3.51 CUDA[0:14] 0.04 acc data enter@laplace2d.c:85 0 bytes get (bytes) 3.62 acc compute@laplace2d.c:91 • 0 ALLOCATION SIZE (bytes) • 0 DEALLOCATION SIZE (bytes) 2.03 acc compute@laplace2d.c:103 • 0 bytes leaked (bytes) 0.05 acc data exit@laplace2d.c:85 0.00 maximum heap memory allocated () 0.00 GetTimer 0.00 BUFFER FLUSH 3.51 main 94 gpu 0.05 main 98 gpu red 1.99 main 106 gpu All (2 elements) 11.47 (100.00%) 11.47 0.00 7.13 (120.52%) 5.92 0.00 0.00 (0.00%) 7.13

Enabling CUDA also shows kernels on the GPU



Display Plugins Help

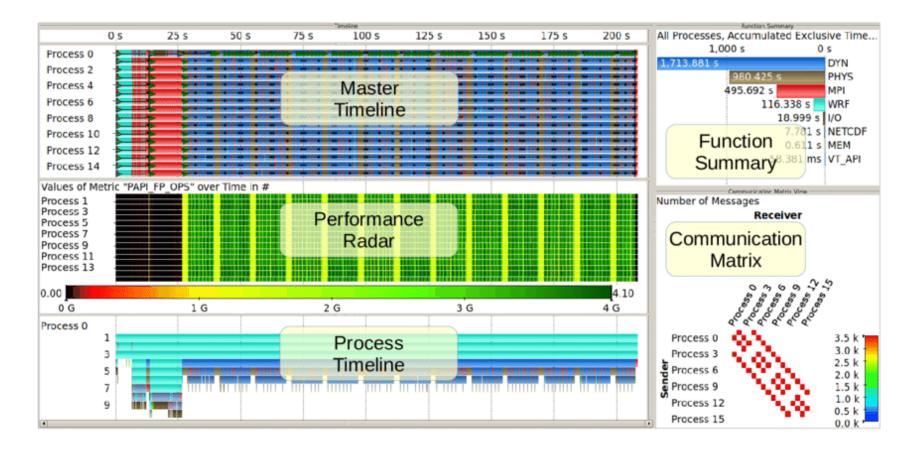
VAMPIR EVENT TRACE VISUALIZER

- Offline trace visualization for Score-P's OTF2 trace files
- Visualization of MPI, OpenMP, GPU and application events:
 - All diagrams highly customizable (through context menus)
 - Large variety of displays for ANY part of the trace
- http://www.vampir.eu
- Advantage:
 - Detailed view of dynamic application behavior
- Disadvantage:
 - Requires event traces (huge amount of data)
 - Completely manual analysis



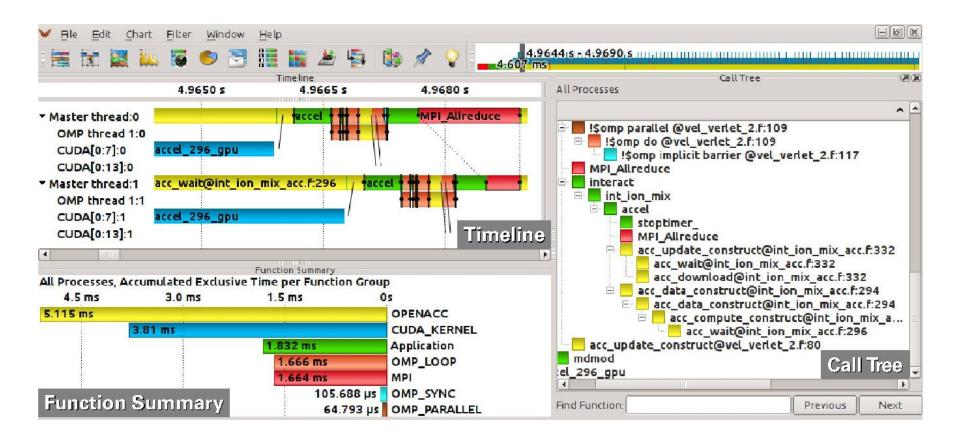


VAMPIR DISPLAYS



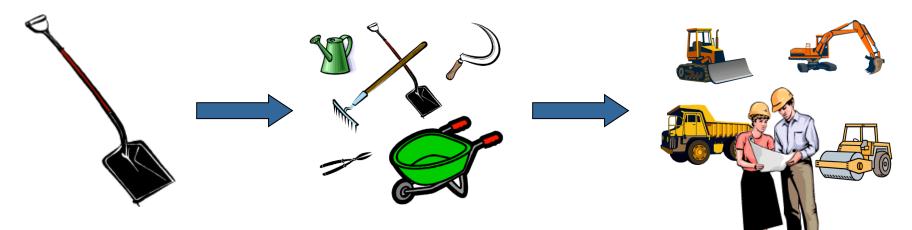


VAMPIR COMPLEX APPLICATION





REMARK: NO SINGLE SOLUTION IS SUFFICIENT!



A combination of different methods, tools and techniques is typically needed!

- Analysis
 - Statistics, visualization, automatic analysis, data mining, ...
- Measurement
 - Sampling / instrumentation, profiling / tracing, ...
- Instrumentation
 - Source code / binary, manual / automatic, ...



WHAT NOW?

- The tools are there what now?
- Development phase:
 - Use NVDIA tools
 - Debug: CUDA-MEMCHECK/CUDA-GDB
 - Performance: Nsight Systems and Compute
- Scaling up:
 - Use 3rd-party tools
 - Debug: TotalView/DDT
 - Performance: Score-P, Vampir

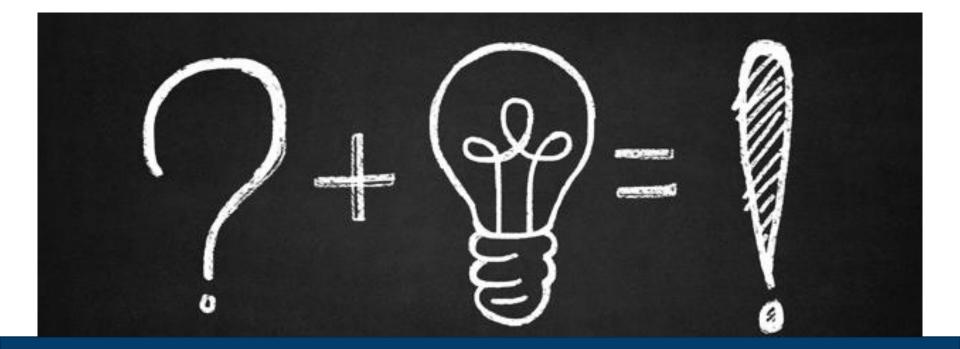


NEED HELP?

- Talk to the experts
 - NVIDIA Application Lab
 - CST Performance Analysis
 - CST Application Optimization
 - Apply for a POP audit

Successful performance engineering often is a collaborative effort





QUESTIONS

