## scalasca 🗖

### **Scalasca Trace Tools**

#### Scalable performance analysis of large-scale parallel applications



#### **Features**

- Localization of wait states & their root causes on large processor configurations
- Identification of the critical path
- Support for MPI, OpenMP, Pthreads, and hybrid MPI+OpenMP/Pthreads
- Based on the community-driven instrumentation & measurement infrastructure Score-P
- Uses open data formats
  OTF2 and CUBE4

#### **Supported Platforms**

- IBM BladeCenter & iDataPlex clusters
- HPE Cray XC series (x86, ARM)
- Linux-based clusters (x86, Power, ARM)

#### **Trace-based performance-analysis software**

- Specifically designed for large-scale systems
- In-depth studies of concurrent behavior via event traces
- 3-clause BSD open-source licence





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#### **Scalasca Measurement & Analysis Workflow**



- Run Score-P instrumented target application to produce runtime summary 1
  - Provides initial insight into the application's run-time behavior 2
  - Allows optimizing the configuration for subsequent measurements 3
    (e.g., filtering of uncritical code regions, estimation of trace buffer requirements, etc.)
- Generate targeted event traces of critical code regions for closer investigation of concurrent behavior  $\Phi$

processes

- Automatic event trace analysis at the end of measurement searching for inefficiency patterns, wait states, **5** and the critical path (using a parallel analysis tool to achieve scalability, executed as part of the same batch job)
- Examine trace analysis results using an intuitive graphical user interface (Cube) m 6

### Scalable Automatic Wait-state & Root-cause Analysis

- Replay-based trace analysis searches for wait states
- Attribution of short-term and long-term costs to identify delays as root causes of wait states
- Classification of wait states as propagating or terminal to assess inter-wait state influences



#### **Scalable Critical-path Analysis**

time

- Determines the critical path of the application in a scalable fashion, to help identify
  - Program activities for which optimization will prove worthwhile
  - Parallelization bottlenecks such as load imbalance and serial execution

